

Baptism: Review Questions

Use the following 18 multiple-choice questions to write 18 facts about baptism.

- 1 When does a person become a Christian?
A when they first go to Church
B when they are baptised
C when they repent
D when they first pray to God
- 2 How often may a person be baptised?
A as often as the person wishes
B once
C twice
D three times
- 3 The sacrament of Baptism is a sacrament of
A initiation.
B vocation.
C healing.
D none of the above
- 4 Why is Baptism a 'gateway'?
A it may only be received once
B it opens the door to receiving others
C it is often given to young children
D it is mentioned in the gospels
- 5 Which of the following statements is **true**?
A only priests and bishops may baptise
B only children may be baptised
C Jesus told his disciples to baptise others
D Baptism is not mentioned in the gospels
- 6 Which of the following is **false**?
A Baptism must take place in a church
B Baptism is also known as christening
C clean water must be used for Baptism
D Baptism may take place in the Mass
- 7 What must be proclaimed before any sacrament is received?
A bidding prayers
B Creed
C Word of God in the scriptures
D none of the above
- 8 What is meant by **exorcism**?
A blessing
B praying
C driving out evil
D preaching
- 9 The anointing with what has the symbolism of strength and healing?
A oil of catechumens
B oil of chrism
C pure olive oil
D balsam
- 10 Where on the body is the infant anointed for his first anointing?
A forehead
B top of the head
C eyes, ears and mouth
D chest
- 11 What stage of the rite of Baptism consists of rejecting evil and proclaiming belief in God, the Father, Son and Holy Spirit?
A reception
B exorcism and anointing
C renewal of Baptismal promises
D bidding prayers
- 12 From the end of which gospel are the words of Baptism taken?
A Matthew's
B Mark's
C Luke's
D John's
- 13 In the rite of infant Baptism, how many times is water poured on the head?
A once
B twice
C three times
D four times
- 14 '**Chrism shows the child now shares in the life of Jesus who is**
A **teacher.**'
B **priest, prophet and king.**'
C **healer and law-giver.**'
D **saviour and Lord.**'

15 Of what is **chrism** a mixture?

- A of different oils
- B of different perfumes
- C of olive oil and balsam
- D of oil and ashes

16 From what candle is the child's **Baptismal candle** lit?

- A one of the altar candles
- B the candle that lights the sanctuary
- C from a candle held by the Godparents
- D from the Paschal Candle

17 What is signified by receiving a **Baptismal candle**?

- A strength and healing
- B reception of the light of Christ
- C hope in an uncertain world
- D none of the above

18 What is signified by the **white garment**?

- A warmth and strength
- B being 'clothed with Christ'
- C protection of parents
- D healing

Rewrite any false statements below so as to make them true

- 1** *In extreme circumstances, any person with the right intentions may baptise another person who seeks Baptism.*
- 2** *According to Catholic teaching, all human beings after Adam and Eve were conceived with the stain of Original Sin.*
- 3** *In the first years of the Church it was usually adults who submitted themselves for Baptism.*
- 4** *When Jesus came before John the Baptist (who was baptising with the Baptism of repentance), Jesus made John bow down to receive Jesus' Baptism.*
- 5** *Jesus referred to his suffering, death and resurrection as a Baptism.*
- 6** *In the early Church, a person would receive the three sacraments - Baptism, Confirmation and Eucharist - one following the other.*
- 7** *An adult wishing to become a Christian must, before Baptism, confess their sins in the sacrament of reconciliation.*
- 8** *According to Catholic teaching, a Baptism is invalid if the priest conferring Baptism does not pray often and live a holy life.*